



EuroHPC PL



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National Supercomputing Infrastructure for EuroHPC

Platform for workflow scheduling with quantum accelerators

Planowania wieloetapowych obliczeń z zastosowaniem akceleratorów kwantowych

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European
Funds
Smart Growth

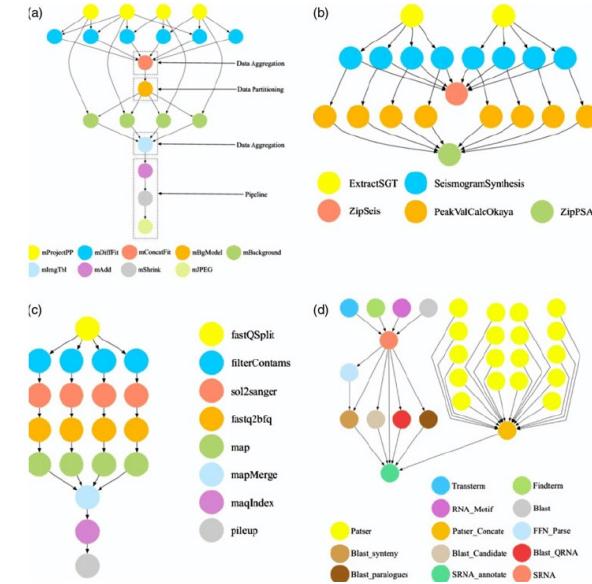


Republic
of Poland



Workflow Applications

- Paradigm for describing complex scientific applications.
- Represented as Directed Acyclic Graphs.
- Planning of execution with respect to parameters such as deadline, budget, and computing resources.



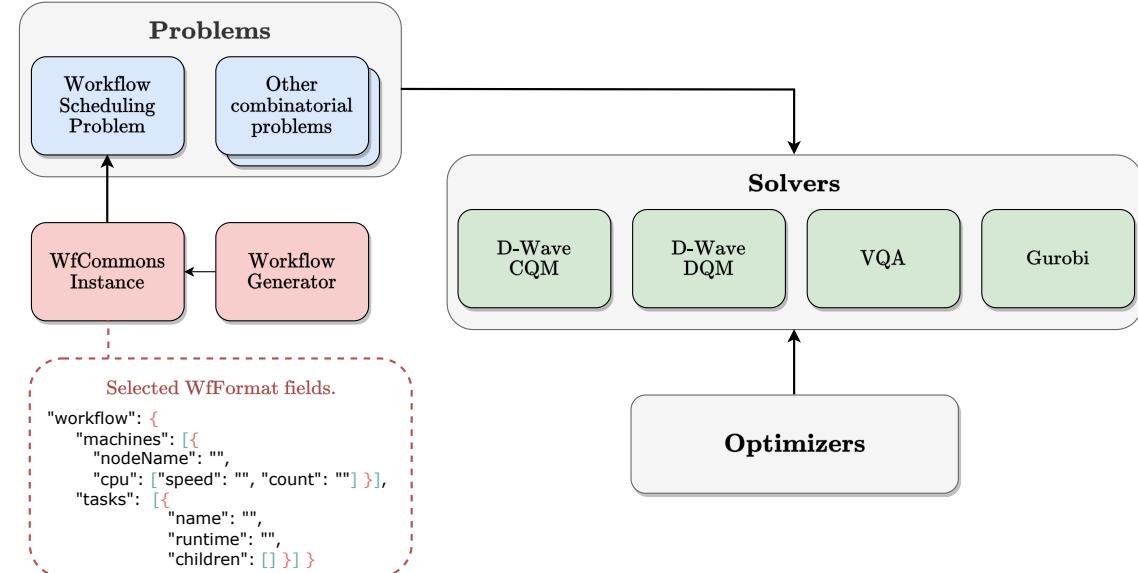
Examples of scientific workflows

Source: T. Ghafarian et al. "Decentralised workflow scheduling in volunteer computing systems" International Journal of Parallel Emergent and Distributed Systems, 2014.



QHyper

- Integration with well known Workflow format (WfFormat).
- Extensible solver set:
 - variational gate-based;
 - quantum annealers;
 - classical solutions.
- Easy interface to a wide range of (hyper)parameter optimisers



QHyper Features

- Set of Jupyter Notebooks with simple and real-life examples.
- Reproducibility of results.
- Configurable experiment environment.
- Easy switching between problems, solvers, and optimizers.
- Optimization of hyperparameters (e.g. weights in QUBO problems) and/or VQA parameters (e.g. QAOA angles)*.
- Different encoding of WF problems: one-hot/binary.
- Dealing with inequalities: unbalanced penalization/ slack variables.

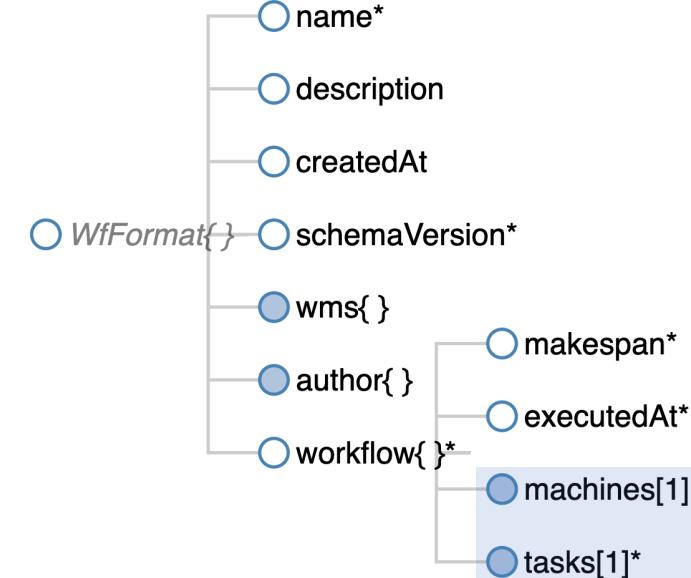
*Published in: T. Lamża, J. Zawalska, M. Sterzel, K. Rycerz. „Software Aided Approach to Constrained Optimisation Based on QAOA Modifications”. Computational Science - ICCS 2023. Lecture Notes in Computer Science, Volume 10477. 2023.

WfCommons

- Framework for Scientific Workflow

Research

- Single format for both real and synthetic workflow instances.



The WfCommons JSON Schema

WfCommons

- Framework for Scientific Workflow Research
 - Single format for both real and synthetic workflow instances.
 - Collection of real-world workflow executions in a cloud environment.

MAKEFLOW EXECUTION INSTANCES

30 instances	2 applications	1 platforms
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 Build passing DOI [10.5281/zenodo.7865733](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7865733)

PEGASUS EXECUTION INSTANCES

135 instances	7 applications	1 platforms
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 Build passing DOI [10.5281/zenodo.7865734](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7865734)

NEXTFLOW EXECUTION INSTANCES

15 instances	15 applications	1 platforms
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 Build passing DOI [10.5281/zenodo.5475226](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.5475226)

Executions Instances for different Workflow Management Systems

WfCommons to QUBO: Dealing with inequality constraints

An inequality constraint:

$$h(x) = \sum_i l_i x_i - C \leq 0$$

1. Using slacks:

$$\left(\sum_i l_i x_i + \sum_k 2^k s_k - C \right)^2 = 0$$

2. Using the **unbalanced function** (A. Montanez-Barrera et al., 2022) :

$$e^{h(x)} \approx 1 + h(x) + \frac{1}{2} h(x)^2$$

$$\lambda_1 \left(\sum_i l_i x_i - C \right) + \lambda_2 \left(\sum_i l_i x_i - C \right)^2$$

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```
In [1]: import numpy as np
        params_config = {
            'angles': [[1.9482, 4.2254, 4.1086, 5.7801, 4.1416, 3.8738],      # gammas
                       [0.9043, 2.5178, 1.7931, 2.4655, 1.3755, 1.0457]],    # betas
            'hyper_args': [1, 2, 2], # obj. function, lambda_1, lambda_2
        }
```

```
In [2]: from QHyper.solvers import VQA, solver_from_config

solver_config = {
    "problem": {
        "type": "workflow_scheduling",
        "encoding": "binary",
        "tasks_file": "workflows_data/workflows/3_tasks_1_path.json",
        "machines_file": "workflows_data/machines/4_machines.json",
        "deadline": 13,
    },
    "solver": {
        "type": "vqa",
        "pqc": {
            "type": "qml_qaoa",
            "layers": 6,
            "optimizer": "qng",
            "optimizer_args": {
                "stepsize": 0.00045,
                "steps": 50,
                "verbose": True,
            },
            "backend": "default.qubit",
        },
        "params_inits": params_config
    }
}

vqa = solver_from_config(solver_config)
```

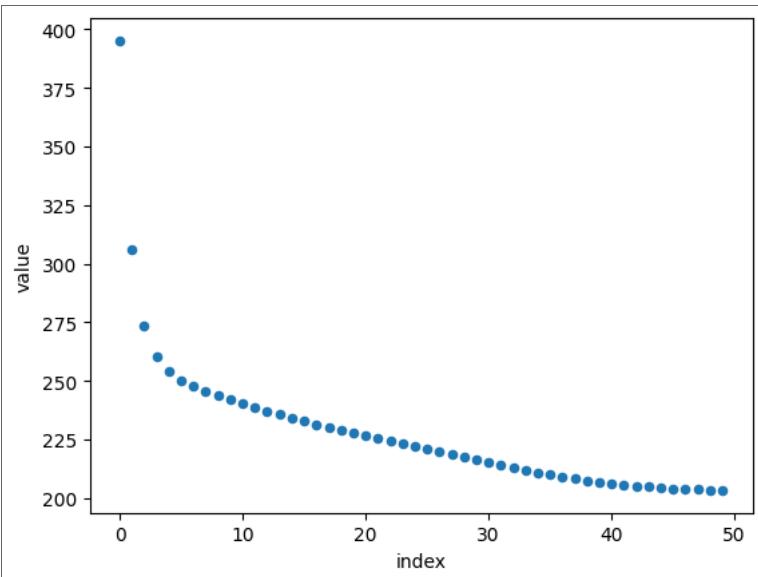
```
In [3]: solver_results = vqa.solve()
```

```
Step 1/50: 395.1869821406809
Step 2/50: 306.0307396542473
Step 3/50: 273.5168936669108
Step 4/50: 260.5940565735004
Step 5/50: 254.2303367772227
Step 6/50: 250.40926054578563
Step 7/50: 247.71784774085984
Step 8/50: 245.5733611996606
Step 9/50: 243.70799684044803
Step 10/50: 241.99267922031143
Step 11/50: 240.3646955375157
Step 12/50: 238.79426110970402
Step 13/50: 237.26822769212436
Step 14/50: 235.7818761093793
Step 15/50: 234.334602637898
Step 16/50: 232.9275058316325
Step 17/50: 231.5619322298392
Step 18/50: 230.23854994315698
Step 19/50: 228.95676592924343
Step 20/50: 227.71441730178242
Step 21/50: 226.5077121697541
Step 22/50: 225.33140330123913
Step 23/50: 224.17916719642406
Step 24/50: 223.0441445178424
Step 25/50: 221.91958339019084
Step 26/50: 220.79951889451795
Step 27/50: 219.67942078232977
Step 28/50: 218.5567456691862
Step 29/50: 217.43133804810037
Step 30/50: 216.30563553514477
Step 31/50: 215.1846481413901
Step 32/50: 214.07569997914698
Step 33/50: 212.98794503910983
Step 34/50: 211.93169525297645
Step 35/50: 210.9176254299441
Step 36/50: 209.95594042932578
Step 37/50: 209.0555993030662
Step 38/50: 208.2236850332489
Step 39/50: 207.46498647671044
Step 40/50: 206.781825229944
Step 41/50: 206.1741218867141
Step 42/50: 205.63966227064142
Step 43/50: 205.1745016774426
Step 44/50: 204.77343717690272
Step 45/50: 204.43048357315325
Step 46/50: 204.13930354563854
Step 47/50: 203.89356140590036
Step 48/50: 203.68718804408752
Step 49/50: 203.51455891762944
Step 50/50: 203.37059616376294
```

```
In [4]: import pandas as pd  
pd.DataFrame(solver_results.history[0]).reset_index().plot(x='index', y='value', kind='scat
```

Out[4]:

```
<AxesSubplot: xlabel='index', ylabel='value'>
```



```
In [5]: print(f"Best params: {solver_results.params}")
```

```
Best params: {'angles': tensor([[1.94824404, 4.22606355, 4.10783934, 5.7800  
4543, 4.14199089,  
3.87371591],  
[0.87116674, 2.61620323, 1.70712985, 2.43543308, 1.26776386,  
0.88477619]], requires_grad=True), 'hyper_args': tensor([1, 2, 2],  
requires_grad=True)}
```

```
In [6]: from QHyper.util import (
    weighted_avg_evaluation, sort_solver_results, add_evaluation_to_results)

# Evaluate results with weighted average evaluation
print("Evaluation:")
print(weighted_avg_evaluation(
    solver_results.results_probabilities, vqa.problem.get_score,
    penalty=0, limit_results=20, normalize=True
))
print("Sort results:")
sorted_results = sort_solver_results(
    solver_results.results_probabilities, limit_results=20)

# Add evaluation to results
results_with_evaluation = add_evaluation_to_results(
    sorted_results, vqa.problem.get_score, penalty=0)

for result, (probability, evaluation) in results_with_evaluation.items():
    print(f"Result: {result}, "
          f"\t Prob: {probability:.5}, "
          f"\t Evaluation: {evaluation}")
```

Evaluation:
16.09368696345938

Sort results:

Result: 000001,	Prob: 0.23369,	Evaluation: 25.0
Result: 000101,	Prob: 0.043394,	Evaluation: 26.0
Result: 101001,	Prob: 0.037332,	Evaluation: 28.0
Result: 011010,	Prob: 0.037254,	Evaluation: 28.0
Result: 111101,	Prob: 0.036207,	Evaluation: 0
Result: 100101,	Prob: 0.03569,	Evaluation: 28.0
Result: 101101,	Prob: 0.028978,	Evaluation: 0
Result: 011101,	Prob: 0.027494,	Evaluation: 0
Result: 110001,	Prob: 0.026161,	Evaluation: 0
Result: 000010,	Prob: 0.02585,	Evaluation: 0
Result: 010101,	Prob: 0.025357,	Evaluation: 28.0
Result: 111001,	Prob: 0.023499,	Evaluation: 0
Result: 100001,	Prob: 0.023403,	Evaluation: 27.0
Result: 010001,	Prob: 0.022452,	Evaluation: 27.0
Result: 010100,	Prob: 0.022427,	Evaluation: 0
Result: 010111,	Prob: 0.022149,	Evaluation: 0
Result: 011110,	Prob: 0.020162,	Evaluation: 0
Result: 001010,	Prob: 0.019498,	Evaluation: 0
Result: 101010,	Prob: 0.017514,	Evaluation: 0
Result: 010000,	Prob: 0.017514,	Evaluation: 0

```
In [7]: solver_config = {
    "problem": {
        "type": "workflow_scheduling",
        "encoding": "one-hot",
        "tasks_file": "workflows_data/workflows/srasearch_22_tasks.json", # Bioinformatic
        "machines_file": "workflows_data/machines/cyfronet.json",
        "deadline": 5000,
    },
    "solver": {
        "type": "cqm",
        "time": 10,
    }
}

cqm = solver_from_config(solver_config)
```

```
In [8]: result = cqm.solve()
```

```
In [9]: cqm.problem.decode_solution(result)
```

Out[9]:

```
{'bowtie2-build_ID0000001': 'AresCpu',
 'bowtie2_ID0000021': 'AresGpu',
 'merge_ID0000022': 'ZeusCpu',
 'bowtie2_ID0000003': 'AresGpu',
 'fasterq-dump_ID0000004': 'AresGpu',
 'bowtie2_ID0000005': 'PrometeusGpu',
 'fasterq-dump_ID0000006': 'AresGpu',
 'bowtie2_ID0000007': 'PrometeusGpu',
 'fasterq-dump_ID0000008': 'AresGpu',
 'bowtie2_ID0000009': 'PrometeusGpu',
 'fasterq-dump_ID0000010': 'AresGpu',
 'bowtie2_ID0000011': 'PrometeusGpu',
 'fasterq-dump_ID0000012': 'AresGpu',
 'fasterq-dump_ID0000002': 'AresGpu',
 'bowtie2_ID0000013': 'PrometeusGpu',
 'fasterq-dump_ID0000014': 'AresGpu',
 'bowtie2_ID0000015': 'PrometeusGpu',
 'fasterq-dump_ID0000016': 'AresGpu',
 'bowtie2_ID0000017': 'AresGpu',
 'fasterq-dump_ID0000018': 'AresGpu',
 'bowtie2_ID0000019': 'PrometeusGpu',
 'fasterq-dump_ID0000020': 'AresGpu'}
```



Code: github.com/qc-lab/QHyper

Docs: qhyper.readthedocs.io/en/latest/